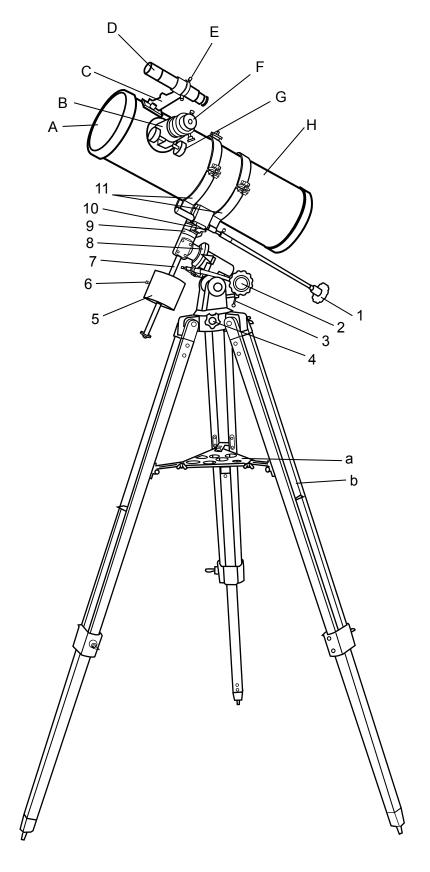
INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR 1141EQ1

Optical Tube: 114mm/1000mm Equatorial Mount: EQ1



Sky-Watcher

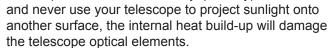
- A. Dust Cap (not shown)
 Remove before Viewing
- B. Focus Tube
- C. Finderscope Bracket
- D. Finderscope
- E. Finderscope Adjustment Screws
- F. Eyepiece
- G. Focus Knob
- H. Telescope Main Body
- 1. Dec. Flexible Control Cable
- 2. R.A. Control Cable
- 3. Altitude Adjustable T-bolt
- 4. Azimuth Adjustable Knob
- 5. Counterweight
- 6. Counterweight Thumb screw
- 7. Counterweight Rod
- 8. Hour Axis Scale
- 9. Dec. Scale
- 10. Dec. Lock Knob
- 11. Tube Rings
- a. Accessory Tray
- b. Trīpod Leg

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Before you begin

Follow the instructions for your specific model in the manual. Read the entire instructions carefully before beginning. Your telesope should be assembled during daylight hours. Choose a large, open area to work to allow room for all parts to be unpackaged.



aution!

echnical Specifications

Optical Design	Catadiantria Navytanian
1 0	Catadioptric-Newtonian
Diameter	114mm
Focal Length	1000mm
f/ratio	f/9
Highest Practical Power	228x
Fainest Steller Magnitude	12.9
Resolving Power (arc sec.)	1.01
Finderscope	5x24
Focuser Diameters	1.25"
Mount Type	Equatorial
Slow Motion Control	RA & DEC
Accessory Tray	Small
Tripod	Aluminum
Tube Dimensions	15cm x 46cm
Tripod Height	67-119cm
Total Net Weight	8kgs
Shipping Weight	12kgs

Technical Support

Canada: 604-270-2813

between 9:00AM and 3:00PM PST

Outside Canada: Please contact your dealer for

Never use your telescope to look directly at the sun.

filter for viewing the sun. When observing the sun,

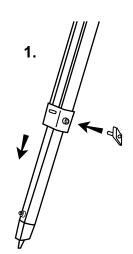
place a dust cap over your finderscope to protect it

Permanent eye damage will result. Use a proper solar

from exposure. Never use an eyepiece-type solar filter

technical support.

If you are interested in submitting telephotographs taken with Sky-Watcher telescopes, or articles concerning any Sky-Watcher products, please call us at 604-241-7027.



ATTACHING MOUNT TO TRIPOD (1)

- 1) Gently push middle section of each tripod leg at the top so that the pointed foot protrudes below the tripod clamp.
- 2) Insert tripod lock screws into the thread holes on the side of the tripod clamp without over-tightening.



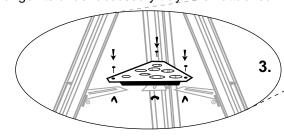


3) Fasten the top of each tripod leg to the bottom of the mount using the machine screws with the washers and wing nuts. Align each leg so that the hinge for the accessory tray faces inwards. Be careful not to over-tighten the wingnuts and damage tripod legs.

ATTACHING THE ACCESSORY TRAY (3)

1) Attach accessory tray to hinges on tripod legs using the small machine screws and wing nuts.

Flange fits under accessory tray when attached.

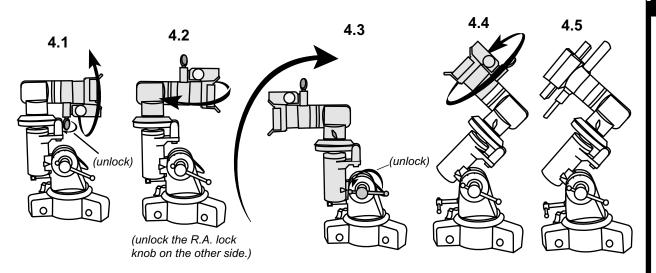


Note: To level the tripod, slacken the locking thumb screws on the side of the tripod leg and adjust the length of the legs.

2.

UNASSEMBLING THE MOUNT HEAD (4.1 - 4.5)

Follow the diagrams to place the mount into an upright position.



TELESCOPE ASSEMBLY

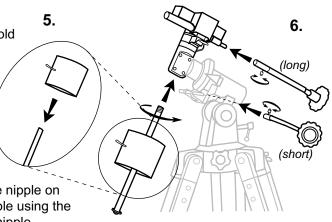
INSTALLING COUNTERWEIGHT (5)

 Slide counterweight halfway onto rod. Hold the counterweight with one hand and insert counterweight rod into threaded hole on mount with the other hand. Tighten counterweight rod onto mount.

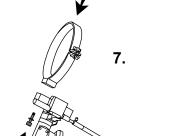
2) Tighten thumbscrew to lock counterweight in place.

INSTALLING CONTROL CABLES (6)

1) Slide the sleeve end of the cable over the nipple on the end of the worm gear. Tighten the cable using the set screw against the flat surface on the nipple.

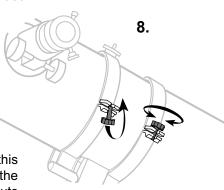


LELESCOPEASSEMBLY



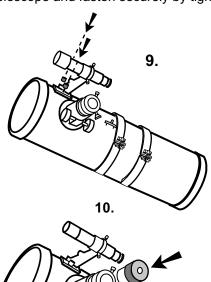
ATTACHING THE TUBE RINGS TO MOUNT(7)

- 1) Remove the telescope tube from its plastic packaging.
- 2) Remove the tube rings from telescope by releasing their thumb nuts and opening their hinges.
- 3) Using the bolts provided, fasten the tube rings to the mount with the 10mm wench provided.



ATTACHING THE TELESCOPE MAIN TUBE TO TUBE RINGS (8)

- 1) Remove the telescope tube from the paper covering.
- 2) Find the center of balance of the telescope tube. Place this in between the two tube rings. Close the hinges around the telescope and fasten securely by tightening the thumb nuts.



ATTACHING THE FINDERSCOPE (9)

- 1) Locate finderscope optical assembly.
- 2) Remove the two knurled thumbscrews near the front of the telescope main body.
- 3) Position the finderscope bracket over the screws in the telescope main body.
- 4) Secure the finderscope bracket with the two knurled thumbscrews.

INSERTING EYEPIECE (8)

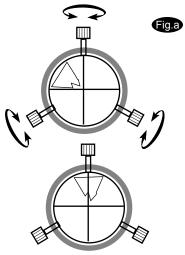
- 1) Unscrew the thumbscrews on the end of the focus tube to remove the black plastic end-cap.
- Re-tighten thumb screws to hold eyepieces in place.

NDERSCOPE ASSEMBLY

YEPIECE ASSEMBLY

OPERATING YOUR TELESCOPE





- 1) Focus the telescope eyepiece on a distant object.
- 2) Once the object has been centered in the telescope view, ensure the locking screws are tightened.
- 3) Use the three alignment screws to center the finderscope crosshairs on the object seen in the telescope view (Fig.a).

Depending on telescope design, the object may appear inverted in the telescope view.

Do not over-tighten the three alignment screws on the finderscope mount.

Balancing telescope

Telescope should be balanced before each observing session. Balancing reduces stress on telescope mount and allows precise control of micro-adjustement. A balanced telescope is specially critical when using the optional clock drive for astrophotography.

The telescope should be balanced after all accessories (eyepiece, camera, etc.) have been attached. Before balancing your telescope, make sure that your tripod is balanced and on a stable surface. For photography, point the telescope in the direction you will be taking photos before preforming the balancing steps.

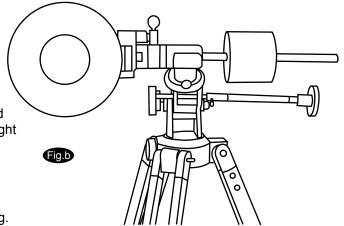
R.A. Balancing

- 1) Adjust altitude of the mount to between 15° and 30° by using the altitude adjustment T-bolt.
- Slowly unlock the R.A. and Dec. lock knobs.
 Rotate the telescope unitl both the optical tube and counterweight rod is horizontal to the ground, and the telescope tube is to the side of the mount. (Fig. b)
- 3) Tighten the Dec. lock knob.
- 4) Move counterweight along counterweight rod until telescope is balanced and remains stationary when released
- 5) Tighten counterweight thumb screws to hold the counterweight in its new position.

Dec. Balancing

All accessories should be attached to the telescope before commencing with balancing the declination axis. The R.A. axis should be balanced before proceeding with Dec. balancing.

- 1) Adjust altitude of the mount to between 60° and 75°.
- 2) Release the R.A. lock knob and rotate R.A. axis so that the counterweight rod is in horizontal position. Tighten the R.A. thumbscrew.
- 3) Unlock the Dec. thumbscrew and rotate telescope tube until it is paralled to the ground.
- 4) Slowly release telescope and determine which direction the telescope rotates. Loosen telescope tube rings and slide telescope tube forward or backward in the clamps to balance Dec. axis.
- 5) Once telescope no longer rotates from its parallel starting position, re-tighten tube rings and the Dec. lock knob. Reset altitude axis to your local latitude.

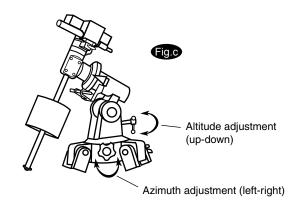


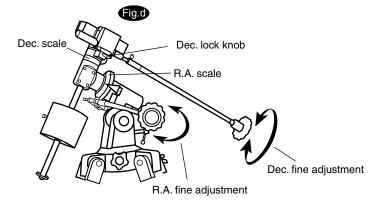
OPERATING YOUR TELESCOPE

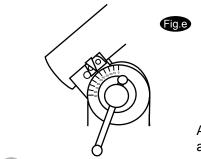
Using the EQ1 mount

The equatorial mount has controls for both conventional altitude (up-down) and azimuthal(left-right) directions of motion. These two directions are recommended for large direction changes and for terrestial viewing. Use the large knurled knob near the base of the mount for azimuthal adjustments, and the altitude adjustment T-bolts for altitude adjustments. (Fig. c)

In addition, this mount has right ascension (hour angle) and declination direction controls for polar-aligned astronomical observing. Loosen the lock knobs to make large direction changes. Use the control cable for fine adjustment after the lock knobs have all been locked. (Fig. d)







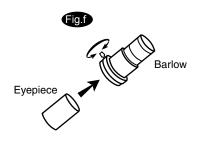
An additional scale is included for the altitude axis. This allows polar alignment for your local latitude. (Fig. e)

Using the oculars

To magnify images in the telescope, you need to insert an eyepiece (ocular) into the end of the focuser assembly. Insert the desired eyepiece and lightly tighten the thumbscrews to hold the eyepiece in place. Barlow lens can be used to increase magnification of the eyepiece. Install the barlow lense directly into the end of the focuser, then insert the eyepiece into the barlow lense. (Fig. f)

To locate an object in the eyepiece, first locate the object in the finderscope view. The finderscope allows magnification of a larger area than the higher power telescope view. Finderscope should be aligned during daytime before use.

The focus knobs at the base of the focuser uses a rack-and-pinion system to focus the magnified images seen through the telescope. Turn the knobs slowly until the objects are in focus.



Poper care for your telescope

Replace the dust cap over end of telescope whenever not in use. This prevents dust from settling on mirror or lens surface. Do not clean mirror or lens unless you are familiar with optical surfaces. Clean finderscope and eyepieces with special lens paper only. Cleaning and aligning of optical elements should be preformed by an experienced technician every two years. Eyepieces should be handled with care, avoid touching optical surfaces.

Telescopes require about 30 minutes to equalize with surrounding temperature and humidity. This minimizes heat wave distortion inside telescope tube and allows telescope to adapt to ambient moisture conditions.

SUGGESTED READING



Beginner's Guide to Amateur Astronomy:

An Owner's Manual for the Night Sky by David J. Eicher and, Michael Emmerich (Kalmbach Publishing Co., Books Division, Waukesha, WI, 1993).

NightWatch: A Practical Guide to Viewing the Universe by Terence Dickinson, (Firefly Books, Willowdale, ON, Canada, 3rd edition, 1999).

Star Ware: The Amateur Astronomer's Ultimate Guide to Choosing, Buying, and Using Telescopes and Accessories by Philip S. Harrington (John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1998).

The Backyard Astronomer's Guide by Terence Dickinson and Alan Dyer (Firefly Books Ltd., Willowdale, ON, Canada, revised edition, 1994).

The Beginner's Observing Guide: An Introduction to the Night Sky for the Novice Stargazer by Leo Enright, (The Royal Astronomical Society of Canada, Toronto, ON, Canada, 1999).

The Deep Sky: An Introduction by Philip S. Harrington (Sky Publishing Corporation, Cambridge, MA, Sky & Telescope Observer's Guides Series, ed. Leif J. Robinson, 1997).

The Universe from Your Backyard: A Guide to Deep Sky Objects by David J. Eicher (Kalmbach
Publishing Co., Books Division, Waukesha, WI, 1988).

Turn Left at Orion: A Hundred Night Sky Objects to See in a Small Telescope--and how to Find Them by Guy J. Consolmagno and Dan M. Davis, (Cambridge University Press, New York, 3rd edition, 2000)

Astrophotography

A Manual Of Advanced Celestial Photography by Brad D. Wallis and Robert W. Provin (Cambridge University Press; New York; 1984)

Astrophotography An Introduction by H.J.P. Arnold (Sky Publishing Corp., Cambridge, MA,Sky & Telescope Observer's Guides Series, ed. Leif J. Robinson, 1995).

Astrophotography for the Amateur

by Michael Covington (Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, UK, 2nd edition, 1999).

Splendors of the Universe: A Practical Guide to Photographing the Night Sky by Terence Dickinson and Jack Newton (Firefly Books, Willowdale, ON, Canada, 1997)

Wide-Field Astrophotography by Robert Reeves (Willmann-Bell, Inc., Richmond, VA, 2000).

Observational References

A Field Guide to the Stars and Planets by Jay M. Pasachoff, (Houghton Mifflin Company, 1999).

Atlas of the Moon by Antonín Rükl (Kalmbach Publishing Co., Books Division, Waukesha, WI, 1993).

Burnham's Celestial Handbook: An Observer's Guide to the Universe Beyond the Solar System by Robert Burnham (Dover Publications, New York; 3- volume set, 1978).

Observer's Handbook by The Royal Astronomical Society of Canada, (University of Toronto Press, Toronto, ON, Canada, published annually).

Sky Atlas 2000.0 by Wil Tirion and Roger W. Sinnott (Sky Publishing Corp., Cambridge, MA, 2nd edition, 1998)

Magazines

Astronomy Magazine (Kalmbach Publishing Co., Waukesha, WI)

Sky & Telescope Magazine (Sky Publishing Corp., Cambridge, MA)

SkyNews Magazine: The Canadian Magazine of Astronomy & Stargazing (SkyNews Inc., Yarker, ON, Canada)